Woodlands Academy - Science - Out of This World



Topic: Earth and Space

Year: 5

What should I already know?

- We have four seasons (autumn, winter, spring and summer).
- The Sun is a source of light but the Moon is not.
- Know that a shadow is caused when an object blocks light from passing through it.
- The properties of a **sphere**.

What will I know by the end of the unit?

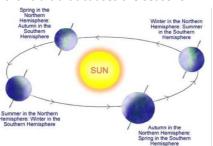
What causes day and night?

- The Earth **rotates** on its **axis** anti-clockwise and makes a complete **rotation** over 24 hours (a day).
- This makes it appear as the Sun moves through the sky but the Earth's **rotation** causes day and night.
- Different parts of the Earth experience daylight at different times - this means that it is morning, afternoon and night in different places. This is also the reason why we have time zones.
- Because of the Earth's tilt, the poles experience 24
 hours of sunlight in the summer, and very few hours
 of sunlight in the winter.
- As the Earth **rotates**, **shadows** that are formed change in size and orientation.



Year length and the seasons

- The Earth takes 365 and a quarter days to orbit the Sun.
- Because of the extra quarter day it takes to **orbit** the Sun, every four years on Earth is a **leap year**!
- It is the Earth's tilt that causes the seasons.



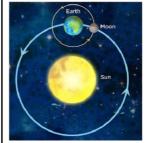
The Moon

- The Moon orbits the Earth anticlockwise and takes approximately 28 days.
- The Moon spins once on its axis every time it orbits Earth. This means that we only see one side of the Moon.
- The Moon has different phases depending on where it is in its **orbit**.
- The Moon's **gravity** causes high and low tides.

What is the **Solar System?**

- There are 8 planets in our Solar System (Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune). Pluto is a dwarf planet.
- They all orbit the Sun, which is a **star**, and they all have moons.
- The first four planets are relatively small and rocky, while the four outer planets are gas giants (Jupiter and Saturn) or ice giants (Uranus and Neptune).
- There are also **asteroids**, **meteoroids** and **comets** in the **Solar System**.
- The **Solar System** is in a **galaxy** called the Milky Way.
- The galaxy is in the universe.

Other Diagrams



The Sun, Earth and Moon are approximately **spherical**.

The Earth orbits the Sun.

Strand: Physics

The Moon orbits Earth.



When the Moon passes between the Sun and Earth, the **shadow** cast by the Moon falls on the Earth's surface and we would no longer be able to see the Sun. This is called a **solar eclipse**.



Vocabulary						
asteroid	a rock that orbits the Sun in a belt between Mars and Jupiter					
axis	an imaginary line through the middle of something					
comet	a bright object with a long tail that travels around the Sun					
galaxy	an extremely large group of stars and planets. Our galaxy is called the Milky Way.					
gravity	the force which causes things to drop to the ground					
leap year	a year which has 366 days. The extra day is the 29th February. There is a leap year every four years					
meteorite	a rock from outer space that has landed on Earth					
orbit	the curved path in space that is followed by an object goinground and round a planet, moon, or sta					
planet	a large, round object in space that moves around a star					
shadow	a dark shape on a surface that is made when something stands between a light and the surface					
Solar System	the Sun and all the planets that go round it					
sphere	an object that is round in shape like a ball					
spin	turns quickly around a central point					
star	a large ball of burning gas in space					
time zones	one of the areas into which the world is divided where the time is calculated as being a particular number of hours behind or ahead of GMT (Greenwich Mean Time					
universe	the whole of space and all the stars, planets, and other					

Investigate!

- Compare the time of day at different places on Earth.
- · Construct shadow clocks and sundials.
- Keep a Moon diary over the course of a month what do you notice?

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Question 1: Which of these	Start of	End of	Question 6: Time zones are	Start of	End of
causes day and night?	unit:	unit:	caused by	unit:	unit:
The Sun moves across the			the Moon's orbit		
sky.			the Sun moving across the		
The Earth rotates on its axis			sky		
The Earth orbits the Sun.			the Earth's rotation on its		
The Moon comes out at			axis		
night.			the Earth's tilt as it orbits		
_				1	
Question 2: How long does it	Start of unit:	End of unit:	Question 7: The Sun's	Start of	End of
take the Earth to orbit the			keeps the planets orbiting it	unit:	unit:
Sun?			gravitational pull (gravity)		
365 and a quarter days			burning gas		
28 days			spherical shape		
24 hours	эрпеней знаре	<u> </u>			
	1		Question 8: A solar eclipse is	Start of	End of
Question 3: The seasons are	Start of	End of	when	unit:	unit:
caused by	unit:	unit:	the Moon passes between		
the weather			the Sun and the Earth		
the Moon			the Moon comes out in the		
the Earth's rotation on its			day		
axis			the Earth stops orbiting the		
the Earth's tilt as it orbits			Sun		
Question 4: The Solar	Start of	End of	the Sun moves in front of		
System includes	unit:	unit:	the Moon		
	5	G	Question 9: Jupiter, Saturn,		
the Sun			Uranus and Neptune are	Start of	End of
the planets			known as	unit:	unit:
asteroids, meteorites and			the rocky planets		
comets			the gas and ice giants		
all of the above			asteroids		
an or the above			dwarf planets		
			dwarr planets	<u> </u>	
			Question 10: Write the		
Question 5: What do the	Start of	End of	order of the planets from		
Sun, Earth and Moon all	Start of unit:	end of unit:	the distance of the Sun (with	Start of	End of
have in common?	uiiit.	uiiit.	the closest planet being	unit:	unit:
They all move in space			number 1).		
They are the same size			Venus		
They are all approximately			Earth		
spherical			Jupiter		
They are all stars			Neptune		
They are all stars			Mars		
				 	

Saturn Mercury Uranus